

## Statistics of Labor.

Mr. Carroll D. Wright Makes His Fourth Annual Report.

## WAGES OF WORKING WOMEN.

A Thorough Investigation of Female Labor in Twenty-Two of the Largest Cities in the Country—Some Interesting Statements.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The fourth annual report of the commissioner of labor, Mr. Carroll D. Wright, has been given to the press. This completes a series of reports emanating from the bureau of labor. All future reports of the commissioner will come from the department of labor, which, under the act of last June, takes the place of the bureau of labor. This report makes a volume of about 500 printed pages, four-fifths of the volume being tabulated matter. It relates entirely to working women in the great cities of the Union.

private families. Tables presented, relating to home condition, show that 12,620 out of the 17,427 comprehended in the report, reported themselves comfortable, while 4,807 state that their home conditions are poor, and "poor" in this investigation, Mr. Wright says, "means poor indeed."

In the table of earnings it is shown that 373 out of 13,820, the total number reporting earnings, earn less than \$100 a year; 2,377 earn from \$250 to \$500, and 338 earn from \$500 to \$1,000 a year. The average weekly earnings of these women in these twenty-two cities is shown to be as follows: Atlanta, \$4.05; Baltimore, \$4.18; Boston, \$4.91; Brooklyn, \$5.76; Buffalo, \$4.27; Charleston, \$4.22; Chicago, \$5.78; Cincinnati, \$4.30; Cleveland, \$4.78; Indianapolis, \$4.67; Louisville, \$4.51; Newark, \$5.10; New Orleans, \$4.31; New York, \$5.20; Philadelphia, \$5.34; Providence, \$5.51; Richmond, Va., \$3.93; St. Louis, \$5.19; St. Paul, \$5.03; San Francisco, \$6.91; San Jose, Cal., \$4.11; Savannah, \$4.90.

The average in all cities is \$5.25. This, Mr. Wright says, would seem to indicate that the majority are in receipt of fair wages when the whole body of workmen is considered, but 373 earn less than \$100. Quite a large number, 1,312, earn from \$100 to \$150 a year, that is the earnings of these women distributed by weeks over the whole year do not amount to more than \$2 or \$3 per week. "There are great exceptions," he adds, "but the figures tell a sad story, and one is forced to ask how women can live on such earnings."

As to the character of working women, Commissioner Wright reaches the conclusion, after an analysis of statistical data on the subject, that it cannot be said, so far as this investigation shows, that the employees in work shops are to be burdened with the charge of being most prolific recruiting ranks of prostitution, and asserts that the working women of the country are as honest and as virtuous as any class of our citizens.

## Growing More Serious

In the Street Car Strikes in New York City.

## STABBING AND SHOOTING.

A Riot Between the Strikers and Police in Which Brickbats and Stones Figure Prominently—The Situation in Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A most serious phase of the strike was developed yesterday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, between fifty-second and fifty-third streets, on Fourth avenue. Nearly one thousand men had gathered there, and when Sergeant Gallagher and twenty-eight men attempted to disperse them, they resisted and fought the police. The uniformed men used their clubs freely and effectively; but the men fought back with stones, bricks, sticks, anything, in fact, that could be used for missiles.

Women in a tenement house took a hand in the stone-pouring, and poured stones down on the heads of the police. One woman was arrested. She did some very effective work firing bricks from the third-story window. Two policemen went in and took her out. Her front was piled up with stones. They looked her up in the Forty-seventh street station.

Reinforcements arrived and the avenue was cleared in fifteen minutes, but it is feared that more serious encounters will occur there yet.

Late in the afternoon a lot of strikers dragged wagons across the track at Broadway and Forty-seventh street, and piled up stones to obstruct the passage of cars. Policeman Morgan arrested one of the men, named Konrick, and on the way to the prison the latter stabbed Morgan, but he, Morgan, held on to his prisoner and locked him up. Several rioters have been arrested.

Later on a mob collected at Seventh avenue and Forty-ninth street, where the police attacked. There was a hard struggle for a short time, and the police reinforcements arrived and turned the tide of battle in favor of the police. One man was arrested who the strikers endeavored to rescue. During the struggle several pistol shots were fired and a bullet struck a prisoner in the knee. He had to be taken to the hospital.

## Another Car Run Out.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The second car of the Atlantic Avenue line was run over the route in the afternoon, under police protection. The strikers were very demonstrative, but no serious trouble occurred. The feeling is that the strikers will be defeated.

## Bill Polishers Strike.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A special to the World from Birmingham, Conn., says: Eighteen polishers of W. E. Hawkins' bill shop went out on a strike Wednesday on account of a 20 per cent. reduction of wages. Men have been hired at Castle Garden to supplant the strikers, at from \$1 to \$1.25 per day. William Crocker, a boss in the factory, was severely beaten on his way home from the factory Wednesday.

## Object to Working for Nothing.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A World special from San Antonio, Tex., says the employees of the Atascosa Pass railroad have quit work because their wages have not been paid. President Lot and General Manager Yokum are said to be in New York raising funds.

## Moulders Strike.

AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Seventy moulders in D. M. Osborne's harvest works struck last night. As many more will go out to-morrow when they finish up work on hand. The strike will affect about fifteen hundred men.

## Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 1.—The morning session of the house was occupied by the introduction of bills. In the senate, Johnson, Republican, offered a resolution inquiring whether the doorkeeper had appointed twenty-six Union soldiers as his assistants, as required by the appropriation bill. The resolution was voted down three times by the Democrats, provoking a prolonged and bitter political discussion.

## America's Rights.

One Man Who Enforced Them in Samoa.

## COMMANDER OF THE ADAMS.

Another Account of How Our Little War Vessel Kept the German Gunboat Adler From Firing on the Natives—The Germans Searching All the Vessels Arriving at Samoa—Matanfa Rapidly Gaining Followers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—In an interview Commander Seavey, of the United States steamer Adams, said: "There was a great deal of commotion when I was at Apia. I went down there with all kinds of orders suited to a time of peace, but when war broke out I threw the orders to the wind. They would do in time of peace, but were not applicable to the condition of affairs that existed at that time. When I saw Brandeis, the German minister, leading 500 natives in support of Matanese I wrote him a letter, asking him to desist."

"I said: 'I am here to protect American citizens and American property and I will not wait idly by and see you plunging the country into trouble, when their lives and property may be destroyed. If you do not desist I shall take such measures to protect them as I deem the circumstances demand.' He sent word back that no Americans nor American property would be molested. 'In a little while, though, much the same tactics were repeated. There was a meeting of the committee of the German war ship, Adler, and at the meeting I said to the Germans: 'Now just let the natives fight it out between themselves.' Oh, no, they could not do that. They said they had promised the natives that they would not leave him now to fight alone. Then I said: 'I will take a hand. If you persist in aiding Matanese and fighting for him I will participate, and I shall do so. The Adams is here and would have done my part in the fight if the Germans had decided they must have it. I had made up my mind that the Adams could throw some shells, too. At this they ceased and promised that it should be hands off.'"

"Next there were notices posted by the Germans stating that the bridge over the river at Apia, and separating all the back country where the natives were, would be taken up. I tore these notices off. I said there should be no demolition of bridges. Then I ordered my carpenters up the next morning and, meantime, word having got out all around, scores of natives came to aid in repairing and maintaining the bridge. I also threw some machine shot to protect it. It is not necessary to say that the bridge was not destroyed. The Adams left Samoa December 7 and was not present during the recent battle between the Germans and Matanfa's forces."

## The Latest From Samoa.

AUCKLAND, Feb. 1.—Advisers from Samoa state that the German officials gave notice that all vessels arriving there will be searched for articles contraband of war. They have suppressed the Samoa Times. A passenger on the British steamer Walnut, who visited Matanfa's camp, was placed under arrest, but was subsequently released in compliance with a demand of the British consul.

A proclamation has been issued placing the Apia police force under German control. Matanfa's followers number 6,000. They are strongly entrenched and other Samoans are rapidly joining them. Upon the arrival of the steamer Richmond she was boarded and searched by the Germans.

## The Pacific Coast Ask Protection.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The Samoa Times, which, according to an Auckland cablegram, has been suppressed by the Germans, was published at Apia by an Englishman, subject named Crocker, and its comments on the recent happenings, though apparently fair to all parties, have reflected rather disadvantageously on the German operations.

Advantageously accounts for the suppression of the paper. In its account of the recent battle the Times stated that the natives did not fire until the Germans had fired a number of shots.

A correspondent at Apia says that on the night of December 17 a number of sailors from the German man-of-war Olga went ashore and searched for Crocker, who escaped by taking refuge in the British consulate.

The Pacific coast papers generally call upon congress to take decisive action for the protection of American commercial interests in the South Pacific. It is pointed out that though Samoa is unimportant in itself, a strong station at Pago Pago would protect trade in the whole South Pacific region.

## Official News Received at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A dispatch was received at the navy department yesterday from Capt. Mullen, commanding the Nisus at Apia, Samoa, which in effect stated that the German government, through its consul there, has issued a proclamation declaring martial law in Samoa. Secretary Bayard, when asked about Samoa, advised last night that nothing important had been received at the department, but subsequently acknowledged having received through the navy department a copy of the dispatch from Capt. Mullen.

## Severe Winter in Alaska.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., Feb. 1.—Advisers from Alaska say the winter there has been so far a very discouraging one to the people of the territory owing to the severe storms. The heaviest snow storm since 1875 occurred this winter, and owing to the depth of the snow traders and hunters have suffered great hardship and much delay in preparing for the coming hunting trip.

## The Inquiry in Berlin.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 1.—Delegate Smith, the Republican member of the house of delegates, who has been sick and absent since the opening of the session, arrived last night. This insures the commencement of the inquiry into the gubernatorial matter.

## Public Debt Reduction.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Treasury department officials estimate the reduction on the public debt during the past month at about \$12,500,000. Receipts during the past month have been unusually heavy, aggregating about \$24,250,000.

## The House Taking Active Steps.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The house foreign affairs committee has increased the subcommittee to consider Samoa matters from three to five members. As now constituted the subcommittee is composed of Representatives Russell, McCrary, Chipman, Morrow and Hill. This subcommittee will probably meet to-morrow.

## Patent Report.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The annual report of the commissioner of patents shows the receipts for the calendar year 1888 to have been \$1,118,516; expenditures, \$978,198; balance turned into the treasury, \$144,498, which makes the patent fund aggregate \$3,401,298. During the year 25,797 applications for patents were received and 21,892 patents and trademarks granted.

## It Passes the Senate.

The Samoa Amendment to the Consular and Diplomatics Bill.

## A HALF MILLION DOLLARS

1.—Appropriated to Protect the Interests of the United States in Samoa, and a Hundred Thousand More to Build a Coaling Station There—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The senate has adopted without division the amendments to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill reported by the committee on foreign relations, appropriating \$500,000 to protect the interests of the United States in Samoa, and \$100,000 to construct and maintain a coaling station in the harbor of Pago Pago, the money to be immediately available.

The text of the Samoa amendment is as follows: "For the execution of the obligations and the protection of the interests of the United States, existing under the treaty between the United States and the government of the Samoan Islands, \$500,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be expended under direction of the president, this appropriation to be immediately available."

"For the survey, improvement and occupation of the bay and harbor of Pago Pago on the island of Tutuila, Samoa, and for the construction of the necessary wharves and buildings for such occupation and for a coaling station therein, under the direction of the president, \$100,000, this appropriation to be immediately available."

## Postoffice Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The house committee on postoffices and post roads has completed the postoffice appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890. The appropriation amounts to \$26,598,444. The principal items are as follows: For the office of the postmaster general, \$210,500; for compensation of postmasters, \$13,600,000; for post-official services, \$8,000,000; for compensation to clerks in postoffices, \$4,550,000; for inland mail transportation, \$5,000,000; for inland transportation by steamboats, \$450,000; for mail messenger service, \$1,000,000; for railway postoffice car service, \$2,200,000; for railway postoffice clerks, \$5,000,000; for inland transportation by railroad routes, of which a sum not exceeding \$90,000 may be employed to pay freight on postal cards, stamped envelopes, etc., to the postoffices and depots of distribution, \$10,105,558; for transportation of foreign mails, \$650,000.

The committee adopted a plan of classification of clerks in first and second class offices proposed by the postmaster general. A provision proposed by the postmaster general was adopted as to promotions, which he thinks will be wise in order to remove all influences of favoritism. The committee has decided not to undertake any legislation during this congress in the direction of a reduction of the rates of compensation for railway mail carriers.

## Senate and House Proceedings.

In the senate the credentials of Mr. Higgins, senator from Delaware, from March 4 next, were presented and filed. The house amendments to the bill to increase the pensions of those who have lost both hands were considered and referred. Five thousand copies of the senate tariff bill were ordered printed. The diplomatic appropriation bill was considered and the Samoa amendment adopted. The amendment to raise the rank of American ministers to ambassadors was defeated by one majority. The bill was then passed. After an executive session, the senate, at 6:35 p. m., adjourned.

In the house, after the passage of unimportant senate bills, the Oklahoma bill was taken up. The vote on the soldier amendment was reconsidered, and the vital part of the amendment stricken out. The minority substitute for the bill was rejected, and a motion to reconsider carried. Pending a motion to lay this motion on the table, the house, at 4:40 p. m., adjourned.

## State Railroad Commissioners to Meet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The interstate commerce committee has issued invitations to the various state railroad commissions to meet in conference at the rooms of the interstate commerce commission in this city on the 5th of March next. At the conference, among other subjects, will be considered freight, railway legislation, railway construction, and such other topics affecting state and interstate commerce as may be brought forward by members of the conference.

## A New Statehood Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A caucus of Republican senators decided to prepare a new bill providing for the admission into statehood of the territories of Washington, Montana and the two Dakotas, and to push the bill through congress during the present session if possible. There was a strong sentiment developed against the admission of New Mexico, and the indications are that that territory will not be included in the senate bill.

## Heavy Robbery.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The country house at Ransdale, near Windsor, of Mr. Henry White, secretary of the American legation, was entered by burglars last night and jewelry valued at \$25,000 was stolen.

## King of Holland Reported Dead.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—A cipher dispatch, announcing the death of the king of Holland, was received on the Berlin bureau. No confirmatory advices have been received.

## The French Version.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—It is stated here that the Austrian crown prince was shot by the husband of a lady who was staying at the Meyerling chateau.

## Foreign Notes.

The M. Bourne exhibition has closed. A Japanese paper states that the Korean government will send a consul to Tokyo, and contemplates raising a loan in Japan.

## Daring the Death of Austria's Crown Prince.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—The death of the crown prince of Austria was reported by the Austrian government. The prince was shot by the husband of a lady who was staying at the Meyerling chateau.

## Still a Deep Mystery

## Surrounding the Death of Austria's Crown Prince.

## TIME OF DEATH UNKNOWN.

## No Time Set For Holding the Post Mortem Examination—Arrangements Made For the Funeral—The French Ministry Sustained—Foreign Notes.

VIENNA, Feb. 1.—The actual time at which the death of Prince Rudolph occurred is not known. It is asserted that he was alive at 7:35 o'clock, and yet, when his attendants entered the room a few minutes before 8 o'clock, it is now stated that the prince was dying.

## FOUND ON THE ROCKS.

A Ship That Was Supposed to Have Sunk Over a Year Ago.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—The 1,760-ton clipper ship Rock Terrace, owned by Troop & Son, of St. John, N. B., which was supposed to have sunk a year ago, was found stranded on the outlying rocks of Tarawa island, one of the Gilbert group, by the German steamship Eber, while selecting an island on which to land. Malletta, the exiled Samoan king. The natives got out most of the Rock Terrace's cargo, which so lightened her that she worked higher on the reef and broke up.

The ship sailed from the Standard oil works at Point Breeze, on September 22, 1887, for Japan, under contract with the China & Japan Trading Company of New York. When near the Philippine Islands Capt. Atkinson for some unexplained reason, but it is thought because of trouble with his crew, landed on some island and left the vessel to her fate. Atkinson is said to be living in seclusion somewhere in Nova Scotia. Nothing is known of the fate of the crew, but it is supposed that they reached the Philippine Islands and re-shipped.

## Still a Deep Mystery

## Surrounding the Death of Austria's Crown Prince.

## TIME OF DEATH UNKNOWN.

## No Time Set For Holding the Post Mortem Examination—Arrangements Made For the Funeral—The French Ministry Sustained—Foreign Notes.

## VIENNA, Feb. 1.—The actual time at which the death of Prince Rudolph occurred is not known. It is asserted that he was alive at 7:35 o'clock, and yet, when his attendants entered the room a few minutes before 8 o'clock, it is now stated that the prince was dying.

## A telegram was immediately sent to Dr. Wasthofer, the court physician, to bring his instruments and hurry to the bedside of the dying prince.

## When the empress was told of her son's death, she fainted to a swoon, shock of hysterics, from which she recovered and immediately went into the private department of the emperor.

The time for holding the post mortem examination on the body of the dead prince has not yet been fixed. After the examination the body will be embalmed, and on Monday and Tuesday will be in state in the imperial chapel. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the body will be placed in the vault underneath the church of the Capuchins.

It has been officially announced that Archduke Charles Louis, the emperor's brother, is now the heir to the throne. It is still undecided whether foreign sovereigns will come to the funeral. King Milan, of Serbia, the czar, and the crown prince of Denmark, Greece, Sweden and Germany, are expected.

## Sensational Statement.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Pall Mall Gazette, in a leader to-day on the death of Crown Prince Rudolph, says: "The sudden and mysterious death of Prince Rudolph has removed from the scene another of those personalities whose existence was limited to the execution of the plans of Bismarck. In the middle ages such a run of fatalities would be ascribed to supernatural agencies. Prince Rudolph did not love Bismarck, nor did he relish the superior airs affected by young Kaiser William. It is openly declared that could Rudolph have ascended the throne of Austria his foreign policy would have been as Russian as that of his father's is German."

## A Russian View.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.—The Grigashin, commenting upon the death of Crown Prince Rudolph, alludes to the untimely death of the late Emperor Frederick, and says: "It would seem that fate, with regard to the world's written, is inclined to permit a philosopher to ascend or occupy a throne."

## Comments of the London Standard.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Daily Standard reiterates the belief hitherto expressed that there was some mystery as to the cause of Prince Rudolph's death, and asserts that there is evidence to prove that not only the prince's intimate personal friends were admitted to the chamber where he died.

## Belgian King and Queen Go to Vienna.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 1.—The king and queen have gone to Vienna. The chamber of deputies adjourned after their adopting an expression of sympathy with the Austrian crown prince and the royal families of Belgium and Austria.

## Heavy Robbery.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The country house at Ransdale, near Windsor, of Mr. Henry White, secretary of the American legation, was entered by burglars last night and jewelry valued at \$25,000 was stolen.

## King of Holland Reported Dead.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—A cipher dispatch, announcing the death of the king of Holland, was received on the Berlin bureau. No confirmatory advices have been received.

## The French Version.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—It is stated here that the Austrian crown prince was shot by the husband of a lady who was staying at the Meyerling chateau.

## Foreign Notes.

The M. Bourne exhibition has closed. A Japanese paper states that the Korean government will send a consul to Tokyo, and contemplates raising a loan in Japan.

## Daring the Death of Austria's Crown Prince.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—The death of the crown prince of Austria was reported by the Austrian government. The prince was shot by the husband of a lady who was staying at the Meyerling chateau.

## Still a Deep Mystery

## Surrounding the Death of Austria's Crown Prince.

## TIME OF DEATH UNKNOWN.

## No Time Set For Holding the Post Mortem Examination—Arrangements Made For the Funeral—The French Ministry Sustained—Foreign Notes.

## VIENNA, Feb. 1.—The actual time at which the death of Prince Rudolph occurred is not known. It is asserted that he was alive at 7:35 o'clock, and yet, when his attendants entered the room a few minutes before 8 o'clock, it is now stated that the prince was dying.

## A telegram was immediately sent to Dr. Wasthofer, the court physician, to bring his instruments and hurry to the bedside of the dying prince.

## When the empress was told of her son's death, she fainted to a swoon, shock of hysterics, from which she recovered and immediately went into the private department of the emperor.

## The time for holding the post mortem examination on the body of the dead prince has not yet been fixed. After the examination the body will be embalmed, and on Monday and Tuesday will be in state in the imperial chapel. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the body will be placed in the vault underneath the church of the Capuchins.

## It has been officially announced that Archduke Charles Louis, the emperor's brother, is now the heir to the throne. It is still undecided whether foreign sovereigns will come to the funeral. King Milan, of Serbia, the czar, and the crown prince of Denmark, Greece, Sweden and Germany, are expected.

## Sensational Statement.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Pall Mall Gazette, in a leader to-day on the death of Crown Prince Rudolph, says: "The sudden and mysterious death of Prince Rudolph has removed from the scene another of those personalities whose existence was limited to the execution of the plans of Bismarck. In the middle ages such a run of fatalities would be ascribed to supernatural agencies. Prince Rudolph did not love Bismarck, nor did he relish the superior airs affected by young Kaiser William. It is openly declared that could Rudolph have ascended the throne of Austria his foreign policy would have been as Russian as that of his father's is German."

## A Russian View.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.—The Grigashin, commenting upon the death of Crown Prince Rudolph, alludes to the untimely death of the late Emperor Frederick, and says: "It would seem that fate, with regard to the world's written, is inclined to permit a philosopher to ascend or occupy a throne."

## Comments of the London Standard.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Daily Standard reiterates the belief hitherto expressed that there was some mystery as to the cause of Prince Rudolph's death, and asserts that there is evidence to prove that not only the prince's intimate personal friends were admitted to the chamber where he died.

## SENATOR WASHBURN INTERVIEWED.

Minnesota's New Senator Talks About President Harrison's Cabinet.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Gen. W. D. Washburn, senator-elect from Minnesota, arrived in this city yesterday, on his way to New York. He declared the report of his serious illness to have been greatly exaggerated. His most serious trouble, he says, was a bad cold. Referring to politics Senator Washburn says: "I don't see how it is possible for Gen. Harrison to construct a cabinet without Maine. In my opinion there is every reason why he should be called to the chief place, and I believe he will." Continuing, Mr. Washburn expressed the opinion that if Senator Allison went into the cabinet it would be under pressure. Referring to the postmaster generalship he said he would not be surprised if Mr. Wainmaker was appointed to the place, and also that he had reason to believe that California would be given the secretary of the interior.

In the course of his remarks Gen. Washburn said: "Thirty days ago Gen. Harrison said to me that he did not see how he could take a member of his cabinet from New York, and the matter was giving him the president elect considerable trouble."

## THE BOOMERS READY

To Invade the Oklahoma Country—Soldiers Also There to Meet Them.

WICHITA, Kan., Feb. 1.—Major Lillis, who went to Arkansas City Monday night to look up the Oklahoma situation there, returned Wednesday night. He says that while the boomers are there ready to make the invasion, the soldiers are also there to prevent it. The territory cannot be entered from Arkansas City. The boomers may make a quiet move to some other point where the invasion can be made with less danger of interference, perhaps Caldwell or Hennessey. The present concentration of troops would make this plan possibly successful. The organization has succeeded in getting into Oklahoma about eight hundred men, who are now at work there upon their claims. This change of plan will not in any way stop the intended invasion Saturday.

## Asking a Cabinet Position.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 1.—Henry C. Payne has withdrawn all claims to the postmaster generalship, and graciously turned his influence over to ex-Governor J. M. Rusk, who wants to be secretary of war. Mr. Rusk sent his paper, letters of endorsement from prominent badgers and other telling documents to Gen. Harrison, thus making a formal application for the place. Mr. Rusk feels confident he will receive the coveted appointment.

## Threw Himself in the Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—Yesterday afternoon, about 2:30 o'clock, a well-dressed young man walked onto the Covington and Cincinnati ferry, foot of Central avenue, and remarked to the captain that he was going to take a swim. The captain paid no attention and, a moment later the man climbed up on the railing and jumped off before he could be prevented. He never was seen again and was carried under the canal bridge. He was five feet eight inches tall, weight 150 pounds, light complexion and mustache and wore a nice dark suit and slouch hat.

## Fairly Mangled.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—Richard Reidin, a thin, twenty-eight years of age, residing at 273 West Court street, and employed by Thomas Lee, of 48 Race street, fell from the roof of the Southern railroad shop at foot of Central avenue, and was seriously hurt. He fell a distance of about five inches long over the edge of the roof and was badly bruised, the flesh being torn off in places.

## In the Hands of the Vanderbilts.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The Tribune states as a positive fact, that the South Pennsylvania railroad is now completely in the hands of the Vanderbilts, the transaction by which they secured control being completed at a meeting held on Tuesday last between Vanderbilt, representative, and the representatives of the Holders, Carnegie and other stockholders. It is believed that the road will not be completed.

## Burn and Stock Burned.

ELGIN, Ill., Feb. 1.—A fire one mile west of North Aurora last night destroyed John Rhutka's barn, together with thirty cows, eighteen pigs and three horses. The blaze is thought to have been the work of an incendiary.

## Bank Burned.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 1.—The Journal's Mason City, Iowa, special says: Fire at Clear Lake, Cal., last night destroyed the building of the Cerro Gordo County bank, the opera house, Grove's agricultural depot and two other structures. The loss is \$25,000.

## End of a Twenty-



New







# REDUCTION PRICES CONTINUE!

Our Reduction sale having proved very successful, we have concluded to continue the reduced prices until

**FEBRUARY 10.**

We have proven to our customers that an **HONEST REDUCTION** is being made in Marion, and they are convinced that money is made by buying goods now for Spring and Summer wear.

This cut includes everything in our stock, bought in bills of one dollar and upwards.

We are making special inducements in Muslins, also selling Cloaks and Winter Goods without regard to their original cost.

This sale will positively close February 10th.

## Trash

**FOR RENT.**—Furnished rooms at No. 28 north East street.

**FOR RENT.**—Rooms for rent furnished or unfurnished in Harding building. Inquire of Mrs. Schell.

**FOR SALE.**—One-half acre of land belonging to Mrs. Shaw, convenient to west Center street, situated between Lawyer Chase's and Mr. McLaughlin's property.

**FOR SALE.**—House and lot, centrally located. House containing 7 rooms in first-class condition. Will be sold on easy payments.

**FOR RENT.**—House of five rooms on Windsor street.

**FOR SALE.**—By the undersigned a good well broke pony.

**WANTED.**—Competent girl for general housework. Call at Mrs. H. B. Hollers.

**WANTED.**—A girl to do general housework. Good wages. Inquire of Mrs. P. Donahugh.

Additional local on 2d page.

—Try a meal at Fies & Ballantine's, south Main street.

—Mrs. J. H. Richards is down sick with a serious cold.

—H. Thew, of Caledonia, was transacting business in the city today.

—Miss Ella Baehner, of Canton, O., is the guest of Miss Florence Hane.

—Miss Emma Truer is making a visit among her Columbus friends.

—Henry DeWolfe is preparing to go to Oregon where he expects to locate.

—Mrs. J. W. Hinds visited at the home of her brother in Powell, Thursday.

—Our aged friend, Daniel Linn, residing east of town, is reported seriously ill with lung trouble.

—The funeral of J. H. Arthur occurred Thursday afternoon. The Cooper Post, G. A. R., attended.

—John Diebold's condition is such that Dr. Adams thinks he can't live more than a day longer, if that long.

—The Misses Frances and Annie Kitzhaupt, of Covington, Ky., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. George Blum, on Mark street.

—All sizes and kinds of both hard and soft coals can be had at L. B. Gurley's, No. 16 north East street. Call on him.

—Fred Cooper, of the Huber office, lost a purse containing \$35 and some valuable papers Thursday. He will pay a liberal reward for its recovery.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. Wilson and Charles and Wallace Wilson were at Fowler today attending the funeral of Mrs. Wilson's brother, Mr. Cunningham.

—Mrs. J. C. Johnston and Mrs. Jacob Fribley were at Delaware today visiting the Home for Old Ladies at that place, for the purpose of securing ideas pertaining to establishing a like institution here.

**QUICK OR YOU LOOSE IT.**

Nice residence, first-class, on south East street, cheap, cheaper, cheapest. For sale only a few days.

CHASE & HUNTER.

Sam Oppenheimer will not leave town, as has been reported, but has secured the lease of the new Bennett building, making some of that desirable business place.

—J. A. Vail's gallery is now entirely removed to his new building, and when fixed up he will have one of the finest art studios in Ohio. He will not change his residence until next month.

Architect Elah Terrell, of Columbus, was in the city today making an estimate on the new school building and revising some of the specifications of the Bennett building. The contract for the new Bennett building will be let next Monday.

—J. P. Edward, recently assistant superintendent in the Huber works, has been sent west to assist the Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska agencies. James G. Fairbanks has been promoted to the position of assistant superintendent and Henry Schuler has been chosen foreman of the shops.

—The Electric Light Co. has its new boiler in position and will fire it yet this week. It will not be connected with the engine, however, until the oil burning attachment has been satisfactorily arranged. It is expected to begin the incandescent lighting system the latter part of next week.

—As soon as the weather permits D. McWilliams will begin the rebuilding of his block just vacated by J. A. Vail. The plans are to make it two stories throughout and put a large plate glass show window on the east front. The ground floor will be occupied by a gent's furnishing establishment.

—M. B. Smith, of Chicago, a scenic artist of large reputation who arrived here a few days ago from Columbus, has just completed a drop curtain at Music Hall with a beautiful landscape in center of modulation, and the people may expect to see something fine on their next visit, and will at first glance pronounce it a work of art.

—Charley Mader has sold the Palace of Sweets to L. B. Rupp, formerly of Mt. Gilead. Charley will remain in Marion a month or so closing up his business matters, and in the meantime determine where he will locate. He would like, as his friends would also, to locate here permanently, but the probability is that he will go elsewhere.

The Marion Elks are an honor to Marion. Their annual benefit entertainments have always met with success, and the more announcement that the Elks are on deck for their annual sets Marion agog. The boys do us proud this time and to sure. In tomorrow's issue, in the usual column, will be found their third annual announcement. No one has more than dreamed that we might have English opera in Marion, but nevertheless it is at our door. Music-loving Marion will await with delight the sweet strains of Balto, and through all time the second act of Flotow's Martha will be endeared to all hearts that are touched by music's strains, be they sweet or sadly sweet. Miss Bensberg, a soprano whom Theodore Thomas, the master singer, could acclaim, will fill Music Hall with the ever glorious "Last Rose of Summer," and the audience that will greet her and her company of artists will astonish the oldest.

By the way, the assignment of Henry Weston, the Telegraph says, Mr. Weston was interested in a land improvement company in Kew, county, and he had a lot of company for 20000 which he sold to a Marion bank. The land company had a lot of land in the assignment. Mr. Weston is a large tract of valued land in Wayne county, amounting to about 1000 acres, and his assets would sum up over 100000, so there is probably nothing serious in the assignment.

The following clipping from a Cincinnati paper was handed us by J. W. Hinds: "The coming reunion of the Scottish Rite will doubtless bring together more brethren from a distance than at any previous occasion of the kind. The brethren of the theory of Philadelphia expect to attend in large numbers. Their itinerary announces that they will leave Philadelphia on Monday evening via Washington, D. C., at which city they will pay a visit to the venerable Grand Commander of the Southern Jurisdiction, Elias Parsons, Albert P. Farn at the Holy House of the Temple and Library, and also inspect the new Scottish Rite Cathedral, where a welcome will be extended by the brethren of Washington, leaving Washington on Monday afternoon, they will arrive at Cincinnati at 3:30 p.m. on Tuesday, and remain during the entire work of the reunion of the Scottish Rite, leaving for Philadelphia on Friday morning. The Reception Committee of the local brethren has the matter in charge, and will see that every courtesy is extended to the distinguished brethren from Philadelphia. Delegations will also be here from Boston, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Detroit, Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis and Louisville, as well as many other lodges from various points, where there are lodges of the Scottish Rite."

**Lecture.**  
I have long been of the opinion that some change ought to be brought about in regard to taxing mortgage notes. I looked the attention of Senator Perkins, while he was State Senator, to this matter. He said he was of the same opinion, but could not see clearly how a proper and satisfactory change could be made. Suppose I sell a farm for \$2000, and get \$2000 cash and \$2000 in notes, secured by mortgages. The purchaser has to pay taxes on the farm, and I have to pay on the notes and the \$2000, too, if I have it. This seems to me double taxation. If Mr. Young's bill of amendment becomes a law, suppose I sell a farm at \$20 per acre which is only appraised at \$10, and perhaps high enough. I get \$1000 cash and mortgage notes for \$2000, appraised value is \$1000, I hold notes for \$2000 and the farm is taxed at only \$1000, the purchaser would not have any tax to pay, but I would have to pay it all and on the double side. You may suppose I owe \$1000. I am not allowed to deduct what I owe from what is coming to me. I understand his amendment to the present law. Suppose that the records show mortgage indebtedness, they do not show how much has been paid on mortgage notes. I think some whole some change should be made in this direction, but I think the change should be carefully considered and extensively discussed before it becomes a law. I readily agreed over Mr. Young's amendment, as I heard him say, and so drop these ideas. I hope that somebody will address the question will open up on it, for it is an important matter and should be carefully considered and fairly discussed, and not let it slide away without due consideration debated by the Legislature. If Mr. Young's bill is reported and let the question be well discussed. Others besides members of the Legislature have a right to discuss this matter and I hope they will do so.

I think in Caledonia mortgage notes are not taxed, but in other States, as far as I know, deal with the matter as it is dealt with in Ohio. I shall leave the question to the present, until I feel better at least to do so.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

**Change of Firm.**  
I have this day sold my entire stock to Mr. L. E. Rupp, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, who will hereafter conduct the business. All those indebted to me please call and settle at earliest convenience. These holding bills against me will please present same. Respectfully, C. F. MAYER.

# CARPETS!

Our new patterns for spring are arriving. We have the first lot on exhibition. We have taken great pains in selecting the very best styles and choicest colorings that the market affords, and shall be able to fully sustain our reputation for superior styles and extra qualities. Entirely new patterns in colorings that are very much admired.

This is the spring to buy carpets. The prices are very low.

Carpets made and laid.

## WARNER & EDWARDS

**A Lip Torn Off.**  
A distressing accident befell Fred Diebold at the Marion Steam Sheet works early this forenoon. He was engaged in striking a piece of iron, to force it in place, and the iron on the end was in some manner knocked off so as to fly into his face. The force of the missile was sufficient to knock out two of his teeth, loosen one other and almost entirely cut off his upper lip. Indeed, that member only hung by a shred, and the lower lip was badly cut. Dr. Denman sewed up the wound.

**Probate Court.**  
John R. Miller and One Terry licensed to marry.  
Anna Klueffeler and Ellen Smith licensed to marry.  
Charles M. Carter and Emma Dereshimer licensed to marry.  
Alvin D. Mohr, assignee of Dix Bros., filed last and final account. Their property paid sixty-two cents on the dollar.

## THE U. S. AUCTION - SYNDICATE

Have some unparalleled **BARGAINS!**

Just received from assignees of a large firm in Albany, N. Y.

**DON'T MISS THEM!**

Fourth door east of the Baptist Church.

MARION, - OHIO.

## KINDLING PRENDERGASTS'

**To the WEAK and DEBILITATED**  
Persons suffering from organic weakness, nervous debility, loss of vitality, etc., who are unable to do their duty, or who are suffering from the effects of a disordered system, will find relief in the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This medicine is a perfect remedy for all the above named ailments, and will restore the system to its normal condition, and give the sufferer a new lease of life.

**DR. ALBERT.**  
Superintendent, Marion, O.

## MUSIC HALL

ONE NIGHT ONLY.  
**TUESDAY, FEB. 5, '89.**

Crusaders in the Land of Fun!  
The New Pilgrim of Mirth!  
A Perfect Cyclone of Merriment!

## SISSON & BRADY'S

Company of Comedians,  
Under the Management of S. W. BRADY, presenting  
**THE LATEST, BRIGHTEST, FUNNIEST, BEST**

## Little Nugget

NEW SONGS, NEW DANCES, NEW MUSIC.  
A Grand Metropolitan Cast. The Famous Nugget Quartette. New and Wonderful Scene and Mechanical Effects.  
Prices 25, 50 and 75c. Reserved seats on sale at Tristram & Young's.

## H. M. AULT, FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY!

OFFICE: Bennett's Block, First Story, west of P. O.

**YELLOW SIGNS, YELLOW TUBS.**  
USE "PEERLESS BRAND" **HALTMOORE**  
**FRESH RAW OYSTERS.**  
Select and packed with cleanliness and care by **C. H. PEARSON & CO.,** BALTIMORE, M. D.  
They are The Best. Ask your grocer for them.

## PAPERING NOW!

**M. DUDLEY**  
Will do your work CHEAP and in the BEST STYLE.  
Leave Orders by Mail.  
**Wall - Paper**  
Furnished Cheap.

The

Little

Giant

School

Shoe!

The

Best

Wear-

ing

Goods

Made!

—AT—  
**TRISTRAM & YOUNG'S,**  
Cash Boot & Shoe Store,  
No. 3, OPPOSITE C. H., MARION, O.

## Ready for Work!

THE NEW  
**Marion Steam Laundry**  
In the Centennial Block, is now in running order and your work is solicited.

Having the best of laundrying machinery and practical experience, I am prepared to guarantee first-class work. Work DELIVERED FREE.

## C. F. MILLER,

Centennial Block, E. Center St.

—THE BEST—  
JACKSON, MASSILON and HOCKING  
**LUMP AND NUT**  
LEHI, SCRANTON and TACAWANA  
**Chestnut, Stove & Egg Coal**  
—AT—  
**PRENDERCASTS',**  
AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

◀MERCHANT TAILORING▶  
**WILLIAMS & LEFFLER,**  
THE  
**LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS**  
Are Now Showing Their  
**FALL AND WINTER GOODS**  
A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.  
**PRICES REASONABLE.**

## JOB PRINTING

NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT  
**THIS OFFICE.**

OUR SPECIALTY.

ALADDIN

STOVES

AND

RANGES

"Young man, don't be afraid to blow your own horn, but don't blow it in front of the procession; go to the REAR and do it." — Josh Billings.

A few years ago there was asked to the Stove Procession of Marion the CLEAR, STEADY note of

A NEW HORN.  
It was sounded in the "rear" at first UNSUCCESSFULLY, almost UNHEARD; through TIME, PATIENCE and INTEGRITY of performance its PURITY of TONE and BEAUTY of EXECUTION were at length RECOGNIZED by its immediate neighbors, the procession "right-about-faced," and today "it leads the van." PUBLIC CONFIDENCE, ADMIRATION, PATRONAGE, PRAISE and LOYALTY, ALL have been won legitimately by the old STAND-OUT worth of the class of goods we handle. Dear reader, will YOU join the procession and help us protect your PURSE?

S. S. FOX & CO.,  
Marion, Ohio.

Five Block, East Center St.  
W. A. Sheet Metal Roofing and Guttering a Specialty.

## Don't Stand in Your Own Light,

But take advantage of the Closing Out Sale of Suits and other Men's Goods now in progress at Oppenheimer's. Only a short time left, and then down comes the old Bennett block; therefore down goes the price of Clothing of all descriptions. I am forced to get rid of as much as possible and will do it at any sacrifice.

## I Have Left About 50 Overcoats.

They must be sold. I am determined not to move one of them. Also 35 Children's Suits, some nice styles and patterns, worth \$3, which you can buy for \$2. Also men's youths' and boys' suits, at very low figures. You can convince yourself by stopping in for one.

## SAM. OPPENHEIMER,

Bennett Block, South Main St.